

In the Claims

1. (currently amended) A method for comparing features of a test record with features of a reference record, each feature having a location and orientation, comprising:
 - determining a weight for each feature of the reference record;
 - aligning the features of the test record with the features of the reference record;
 - measuring differences between the locations and orientations of the features of the reference record and the features of the test record; and
 - summing the weights of all features of the reference record that are less than a predetermined difference when compared with the features of the test record to determine a similarity score that the test record matches for the reference record.
2. (original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
 - comparing the features of the test record with a plurality of reference records to determine a plurality of similarity scores; and
 - selecting a particular reference record as a candidate reference record if the corresponding similarity score is greater than a maximum threshold.
3. (original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
 - extracting the features from images of fingerprints.
4. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the alignment is a rigid transformation including global translation and rotation.

5. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the alignment is a rigid transformation including only global translation to approximately align the features of the test record with the features of the reference record.

6. (original) The method of claim 5 wherein a probability of matching features is represented by a zero-mean Gaussian function $f(0; \sigma^2)$, where σ^2 is a variance of the function.

7. (original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:

measuring differences only between pairs of features that are approximately aligned.

8. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the determining step further comprises;

identifying, for each feature in the reference record, a local neighborhood of features; and

setting the weight of each feature proportional to a function of distances between each feature and the local neighborhood of features.

9. (currently amended) The method of claim 8 wherein the distance function for

weight w_i and k features in the local neighborhood is $N \frac{D(d_i^1, d_i^2, \dots, d_i^k)}{\sum_{j=1}^N D(d_j^1, d_j^2, \dots, d_j^k)}$.

where d_i^n is an n th distance of feature i , N is a number of features, and D is a distance function.

10. (original) The method of claim 8 wherein the distance function is an arithmetic mean.

11. (original) The method of claim 8 wherein the distance function is a geometric mean.

12. (original) The method of claim 8 wherein the distance function is maximum distance.

13. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the sum of the weights of the features of the reference record is normalized to one.

14. (currently amended) The method of claim 6 wherein the similarity score S for a test record T of M features and a reference record R of N features is determined by

$$S(T, R) = \frac{2}{(N+M)} \sum_{j=1}^M \sum_{i=1}^N w_i f(x_j - x_i; \sigma_x^2) f(y_j - y_i; \sigma_y^2) f_q(q_j - q_i; \sigma_q^2),$$

where x and y represent the location of the feature, q the orientation of the feature, w the weight of the feature, and f is a difference function.

15. (new) A method for comparing features of a test record with features of a reference record, each feature having a location and orientation, comprising;

 determining a weight for each feature of the reference record, the determining further comprising:

 identifying, for each feature in the reference record, a local neighborhood of features; and

 setting the weight of each feature proportional to a function of distances between each feature and the local neighborhood of features;

aligning the features of the test record with the features of the reference record;

measuring differences between the locations and orientations of the features of the reference record and the features of the test record; and

summing the weights of all features of the reference record that are less than a predetermined difference when compared with the features of the test record to determine a similarity score that the test record matches the reference record, and wherein the similarity score S for a test record T of M features and a reference record R of N features is determined by

$$\underline{S(T, R)} = \frac{2}{(N + M)} \sum_{j=1}^M \sum_{i=1}^N w_i f(x_i - x_j; \sigma_x^2) f(y_i - y_j; \sigma_y^2) f_q(q_i - q_j; \sigma_q^2), \text{ where } x$$

and y represent the location of the feature, q the orientation of the feature, w the weight of the feature, and f is a difference function.